* * * EMPLOYMENT * * *

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COMPLAINT OF DISCRIMINATION UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA

FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSIN	IG ACT		
CALIFO	RNIA DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYM	ENT AND HOUSING	
YOUR NAME (indicate Mr. or Ms.) Mr. Sheehan G	illis	TELEF	HONE NUMBER (INCLUDE AREA CODE)
ADDRESS			
CITYIS		COONTY	COUNTY CODE
NAMED IS THE EMPLOYER, PERSON, LABOR ORGA	ANIZATION, EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, APPRENTI	CESHIP COMMITTEE, OR STATE	OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT
AGENCY WHO DISCRIMINATED AGAINST ME:	J En Dock !	C OFD	LEPHONE NUMBER (Include Area Code)
ADDRESS FRANK Oga	wa Plana	supervisor	DFEH USE ONLY
CITY/STATE/ZIP	94605	ALCOUNTY	COUNTY CODE
NO. OF EMPLOYEES/MEMBERS (If known)	DATE MOST RECENT OR CONTINUING DISCRIM TOOK PLACE (month, day, and year)	AINATION POR 22 20	11 RESPONDENT CODE
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	genetic characteristics testing failure	to prevent discrimination or retaliation	denial of pregnancy accommodation
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I wish to pursue this matter in court. I hereby request that the D the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) to fi is earlier.	epartment of Fair Imployment and Housing provide a right-to- e a complaint within 30 days of receipt of the DFEH "Notice of the Set Porth here."	of Case Closure " or within 300 days of th	ederal notice of right-to-sue, I must visit e alleged discriminatory act, whichever
I have not been coerced into making this request, nor do I make i reopen a complaint once the complaint has been closed on the ba	t based on fear of retaliation if I do not do so. I understand it		Housing's policy to not process or
I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the Sta	te of California that the foregoing is true and correct of	ray own knowledge except as to matte	ers stated on my information and
belief, and as to those matters I believe it to be true.	Alde		
Dated Apr. 22, 2011 At San Francisco		COMPLAINANT'S SIGNATURE	
At San Francisco		unu X	48
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DATE FILED:

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DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING

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STATE OF CALIFORNIA

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1 2 3	PHILIP HORNE, ESQ. 173183 Attorney At Law 377 Hermann Street San Francisco, CA 94117 v: 415.874.9800 e/f: vikinglawyer1@gmail.com				
4 5	ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF-EMPLOYEE SHEEHAN (SEAN) GILLIS, EMT-P, OFD	3			
6	STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
7	DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING				
8					
9	SHEEHAN (SEAN) GILLIS,) Case:)			
10	Claimant,) VERIFIED) ADMINISTRATIVE COMPLAINT			
11	VS.) (CLAIM) FOR DAMAGES FOR FAIR) EMPLOYMENT VIOLATIONS AND) RELATED MATTERS AS FOLLOWS:			
12	WILLIAM SUGIYAMA, a Managing Agent of Respondent City of Oakland,) RELATED MATTERS AS FOLLOWS.) 1. WHISTLEBLOWER RETALIATION			
13	CITY OF OAKLAND, and DOES 1-15,) (Labor Code § 1102.5 et seq.)) 2. WRONGFUL RETALIATION			
14	Respondents.) (Common Law)) 3. FAIR EMPLOYMENT VIOLATIONS			
15		(FEHA Gov't Code § 12900 et seq.),4. INVASION OF PRIVACY			
16 17		(Cal. Const. Art. I § 1, Civ. Code 3294) et seq., 3333 et seq.),			
18		5. INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OFEMOTIONAL DISTRESS(Common Law)			
19		_) (Common Law)			
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Administrative Complaint (Claim) for Personal Injury from Fair Employment Violations and Related Matters
Page 1

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COMMON COUNT—PARTIES

- 1. CLAIMANT. Claimant Sheehan Gillis is an adult person, a resident of Oakland, and employed as a paramedic (EMT-P) with Respondent City of Oakland.
- RESPONDENT. Respondent WILLIAM SUGIYAMA, is an adult person, a resident of Oakland, and employed as an Emergency Medical Service manager (managing agent) for Respondent City of Oakland.
- 3. DOES. Defendants Does 1-15 are entities whose identity and capacity is unknown to plaintiff. Plaintiff will name said with specificity when such identity and capacity are known to plaintiff.
- 4. AGENCY. Defendants are agents and/or employees each of the other and acted within the scope of that agency and employment.
- 5. VICARIOUS LIABILITY (CACI 3701). Defendants Sugiyama and DOES 1-15 are supervising employees and managing agents of Defendant City of Oakland. The misconduct stated herein was committed in the course and scope of said agency and employment. Furthermore, Defendant City of Oakland planned, participated in, approved, failed to report or investigate, and condoned and ratified the misconduct. Defendant City of Oakland is vicariously liable for the misconduct.
- 6. CONSPIRACY (CACI 3600). Defendants are co-conspirators each with the other and planned to commit the within misconduct, agreed with co-conspirators, and intended that the misconduct be committed.
- 7. JURISDICTION. This court is the proper court because the injury and damage occurred in its jurisdictional area.

COMMON COUNT—INTRODUCTION

OSCAR GRANT AND MERRITT COLLEGE

- 8. Oscar Grant died on January 1st, 2009 because he was shot in the back at point-blank range and because first responder Oakland Fire failed to apply basic wound treatment to Grant.
- 9. For five-and-a-half (5 ½) hours, Grant struggled to survive against Oakland Fire's negligence or intentional misconduct.
- 10. Acting Oakland Fire Emergency Medical Service (EMS) Manager Nina Morris moved quickly to cover up Oakland Fire's involvement in Grant's death.
- 11. Morris removed the paper Grant file and deleted the "undeletable" computer archive of the Patient Care Report for Grant.
- 12. Morris suppressed the mandatory call review (call review is mandatory in sentinel events) and Oakland Fire Medical Director Howard Michaels, MD's order for a call review (even though Michaels technically "out-ranked" Morris).
- 13. Only two (2) people spoke out and they spoke out together—Dr. Michaels, MD and EMS Coordinator and Paramedic Sheehan (Sean) Gillis (EMT-P).
- 14. Morris retaliated against both.
- 15. Morris stopped payroll from issuing paychecks to Dr. Michaels, MD and claimed Michaels never had a contract with Oakland. Dr. Michaels worked for six (6) months "for free" and offered Paramedic Gillis to continue working "for free" to protect Gillis from retaliation.
- 16. Oakland Fire hired William Sugiyama as the replacement for Morris in Summer 2009.
 Sugiyama's public sector employment history included a recent cover up and scandal.

Policy and procedure requires the archive be undeletable. Practice does not follow policy or procedure.

- 17. Alameda County employed Sugiyama and Michael King in the Alameda County

 Emergency Medical Service District until whistleblower John Vonhoff reported to the

 Board of Supervisors that King and accomplices were accepting gifts (luxury sport utility vehicles) from ambulance provider American Medical Response, Inc. (AMR hereinafter) in lieu of penalties AMR owed the County for slow service.
- 18. The Board of Supervisors was able to keep this scandal out of the press. Many taxpayers wondered why AMR's forty (40) year monopoly contract suddenly ended.
- 19. Media reported Alameda County switched ambulance providers (to Paramedics Plus) because AMR's contract ended.
- 20. Immediately after Sugiyama left his Alameda County position in the wake of that AMR scandal, Sugiyama was conspiring with AMR to use his position at Oakland Fire to benefit AMR in exchange for kickbacks from AMR.
- 21. At the time, Oakland Fire operated a joint venture Emergency Medical Technician (EMT) training program with Merritt College.
- 22. Merritt College, in general, and the EMT program, in particular, was created to serve atrisk youths, traditionally disadvantaged people—including racial and ethnic minorities, and women.
- 23. AMR offered to pay Sugiyama if he dumped Merritt College and transferred Merritt College's assets (half of the joint venture) to AMR (dba National College of Technical Instruction [NCTI]).
- 24. NCTI is an expensive for-profit college that serves wealthier, white, male students.
- 25. AMR offered and Sugiyama agreed to kickbacks totaling 40% of the tuition paid by NCTI students (federal student loans) for dumping Merritt College.

- 26. One person stood in the way—already-Oakland-Fire-disfavored employee Sheehan Gillis. Sugiyama sought to privatize Gillis' position.
- 27. After years of volunteering with the Merritt College program, Gillis had been hired by Merritt College to run the joint venture in his (Oakland Fire) off hours.
- 28. Sugiyama and Morris entered into an agreement to "get rid of" Gillis.

COMMON COUNT—HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT HARASSMENT, DISCRIMINATION, AND RETALIATION

- 29. SHEEHAN GILLIS. Sheehan Gillis is a paramedic, a teacher, and a supervisor at the Oakland Fire Department of the City of Oakland and is the Shop Steward and Vice President of Local 21 International Professional and Technical Engineers (IFPTE). Gillis is an active member of his community (for example, Gillis participates in "National Night Out" every year), helped build the Black Community Garden in his former neighborhood at Peralta Street and 36th Avenue, and helps raise money for charitable organizations like Random Acts. Gillis grew up poor, in a trailer in Alaska, with a mother who only knew poverty and worked in a women's domestic violence shelter, identifies with other disadvantaged people, and volunteers to help traditionally-disadvantaged people, including "at risk" youth and people of color, so that they can also hope to climb out of poverty and oppression.
- 30. HELPING KIDS. Starting on or about early 2006, Gillis volunteered (without pay) to teach classes at traditionally black, public Merritt College. Gillis taught traditionally-disadvantaged people—including "at risk" youth, people of color and/or ethnic minority ancestry, women, and gays and lesbians—skills that could lead to a better life. Merritt

College was so happy with Gillis' work, Merritt offered Gillis a paid job as Instructor, and later, Program Director (2009). Oakland Fire (OF) allows emergency medical service employees to work during OF-off hours. Merritt College wants an active-duty Oakland Fire Program Director in order to ensure Merritt students receive "real world" training and experience.

- 31. KING AND SUGIYAMA. At the same time that Gillis was being promoted for his good work, Michael King and William Sugiyama were leaving their respective positions as EMS Director and Trauma Unit Pre-Hospital Care Coordinator with the Alameda County Emergency Medical Service District in the wake of a scandal involving American Medical Response, Inc. (AMR).
- 32. AMR CAUGHT BRIBING KING. AMR is the nation's largest ambulance service corporation and owns and operates a lucrative subsidiary called NCTI (National College of Technical Instruction). NCTI provides expensive, private education services. Both AMR and NCTI are overwhelmingly supported by taxpayer dollars in the form of county payments, Medicaid payments, Medicare payments, and, in the case of NCTI, federal student grants and loans. For forty years, AMR held a monopoly on ambulance service for Alameda County and most other Bay Area counties. The Alameda County monopoly ended when a whistleblower exposed AMR bribing King to avoid penalties due Alameda County for late ambulances. AMR reportedly "racked up millions of dollars" in penalties and avoided paying them by buying King a couple of luxury sport utility vehicles. Alameda County executives and the Board of Supervisors failed to report the scandal to their public. Sugiyama had been employed by AMR before Alameda County, worked

closely with King, and, at least, must have known of and failed to report, the bribes.

Gillis knows of this scandal because Sugiyama bragged about it at Oakland Fire.

- 33. SUGIYAMA MOVES TO OAKLAND. Because the Alameda County executives and Board of Supervisors kept the scandal secret—to avoid political embarrassment—
 Sugiyama was able to discreetly move from Alameda County EMS to Oakland Fire EMS and, even, get a promotion in the process. Oakland Fire hired Sugiyama as Gillis' boss—
 EMS Division Manager. Sugiyama prefers to be called "Chief."
- 34. SUGIYAMA UN-PUNISHED. Because he suffered no punishment, Sugiyama even maintains his ties to and corrupt, self-serving-at-the-public's-expense-dealings with AMR.
- 35. AMR BRIBES SUGIYAMA. Immediately after being hired by Oakland Fire in 2009, Sugiyama entered into a deal with AMR to transfer public, City of Oakland and Alameda County assets to AMR in exchange for cash payments to Sugiyama. The first asset to be sold to AMR? The Merritt College EMT training program run by Gillis.
- 36. TARGETS: MERRITT COLLEGE AND GILLIS. While Sugiyama was still transitioning into his new job with Oakland Fire, Sugiyama issued a "Letter of Caution" against Gillis by which he demanded that Gillis stop his work with Merritt College. Sugiyama knew his use of disciplinary process in Oakland Fire to achieve ends in an Alameda County program was improper. Sugiyama deliberately called his demand a "Letter of Caution" because City of Oakland Local 21 Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) and related administrative rules and regulations allegedly provide that a "Letter of Caution" is a low-level process for which an employee is not allowed representation. Sugiyama insisted his "Letter of Caution" be issued to Gillis during off hours for

Sugiyama and Gillis. Put another way, Sugiyama purported to make his actions "unofficial official" and enforceable against Gillis but not reviewable against Sugiyama.

- 37. EMPLOYER FAILS TO PROTECT EMPLOYEE. Even though Gillis was a "meets expectations" or "exceeds expectations" employee in all past evaluations and proved himself a valuable member of the EMT community by volunteering in the community with the EMT program, while Sugiyama was a 'newby' with a troubling history, Oakland Fire endorsed Sugiyama's "un-official official" process and the campaign of harassment that Sugiyama soon unleashed against Gillis to force Gillis to quit Merritt College, to tarnish Gillis' reputation, to retaliate against Gillis, and, ultimately, to force Gillis out of Oakland Fire.
- 38. UNION FAILS EMPLOYEE. In spite of his positions with IFPTE, Gillis' union representative failed and refused and continues to fail and refuse to grieve the misconduct stated herein likely because the union also represents the very same supervisors and personnel officer committing the misconduct.
- 39. SLANDER AND LIBEL—FALSEACCUSATION OF EMBEZZLEMENT AGAINST EMPLOYEE. On or about August 27th, 2009, Sugiyama purposely and intentionally falsely claimed Gillis accepted \$12,000.00 from a City contractor. Strangely, Sugiyama created the lie against Gillis about the same time Sugiyama disclosed Sugiyma's own scandal—the Alameda County SUVs-for-penalties matter—to Gillis.
- 40. HARASSMENT—SINGLE MOM. When Gillis refused to quit Merritt College,
 Sugiyama yelled (in front of the Battalion Chiefs), "You have a problem with authority!
 You need to dig back to your childhood!"

- 41. HARASSMENT AND DISPARATE TREATMENT—NIXONIAN HIT LIST.

 Sugiyama told Gillis he maintains a "hit list" of employees to "get rid of," that Gillis is "already on [that] firing list," and that Sugiyama "like[s] to play dirty."
- 42. JOB OFFER WITH AMR. Even though he was trying to get Gillis to quit Merritt College (and Oakland Fire), Sugiyama attempted to recruit Gillis to AMR. On or about October 15th, 2009, Sugiyama encouraged Gillis to take a job with AMR's subsidiary, "NCTI will give you more" than Merritt College.
- 43. HARASSMENT—"DICTATOR" THREAT. Paradoxically, Sugiyama threatened Gillis that, if Gillis failed to do what Sugiyama demanded, "I will become an "autocratic dictator that you will not like."
- 44. FALSE FLAG COVER FOR EMBEZZLEMENT. Once Gillis was "out of the picture," Sugiyama, appealing to the basest stereotypes, intentionally falsely accused Merritt College and Merritt College students and faculty of theft and used those accusations to bar students and faculty from accessing supplies and equipment, used the "false flag" accusations to commandeer the Merritt College program and its assets, embezzled said assets, and transferred the same assets to AMR. Sugiyama embezzled other Oakland Fire (OF) equipment, transferred said other equipment to AMR, fraudulently promised and provided AMR rent-free offices and class rooms at OF, agreed to and did recruit students for AMR while 'on the clock' with OF, and agreed to and did use City property and personnel to perform recruiting and training services for AMR. Sugiyama blocked County-owned Merritt College from using the same equipment or space and from developing an EMT-P (paramedic) program.

- 45. RETURN OF AMR MONOPOLY. Sugiyama and AMR are unlawfully conspiring to create an East Bay monopoly on training for Emergency Medical Technicians (EMTs) and Paramedics (EMT-P) and, ultimately, to become the gate keeper for paramedic jobs in the East Bay.
- 46. DISPARATE IMPACT. Sugiyama and AMR, Inc.'s misconduct disparately impacts traditionally disadvantaged people—including "at risk" youth, people of color and/or ethnic minority ancestry, women, and gays and lesbians—because the Merritt College program was chartered and built to help, and in fact serves, these traditionally-disadvantaged people, while the AMR program has no such charter and, historically and currently, a richer, white, heterosexual male population. Oakland Fire refuses to investigate Gillis' complaints regarding how loss of the Merritt College program will impact its Oakland's most vulnerable population.
- 47. OSCAR GRANT AND SHEEHAN GILLIS. Gillis otherwise advocates for low income, "at-risk," and ethnic minority people. On or about January 2009, Oakland Fire destroyed records related to its response to 911 calls to save the life of Oscar Grant on January 1st, 2009. The Medical Director of the City of Oakland demanded a "call review." It is the written policy and "always" procedure of Oakland Fire to perform such a call review in "sentinal" cases like that of Oscar Grant. In spite of the order of the Medical Director, the written policy, and the "always" procedure of Oakland Fire, it failed and refused to perform the call review. Oakland Fire refuses to investigate Gillis' complaints about the 911 call response, destruction of public property, violation of the order of the Medical Director, and refusal to perform the mandatory call review. On or about March 30th, 2011, with the collusion of Sugiyama, an EMS Coordinator queried Gillis about "what he

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would have done" in a hypothetical rescue with facts identical to Grant. This was designed to cause Gillis to suffer embarrassment and harassment in front of his peers for exposing injustice and racism in Oakland Fire.

- 48. CULTURE OF OAKLAND FIRE—L.A. CONFIDENTIAL. Gillis fights a system of racism and nepotism, cronyism, and favoritism that has changed little from the stereotype of L.A. Confidential. The crimes of the "good ole boys" go un-punished. For example, during the summer of 2009, Gillis received reports of missing narcotics from field personnel. The suspect was a white male EMT. Per written code and stated policy, Gillis contacted the Medical Director, the Medical Director ordered Gillis to perform an investigation, Gillis investigated, and Gillis made written findings to the Chief. Instead of completing the process by reporting to the City Attorney (the last step), Oakland Fire turned on Gillis and warned him "The City Attorney does not like your reports." Gillis believes no reports were made to the City Attorney. Gillis complained to Oakland Fire for a year and a half about this. Finally, on or about February 7th, 2011, Sugiyama informed Gillis that Sugiyama contacted the DEA to investigate Sugiyama's division and, on February 16th, 2011, Sugiyama commented on the DEA investigation "the union can't help anyone when it comes to the DEA." Amazingly, the whistleblower is being threatened with punishment for the crime he reported.
- 49. HARASSMENT—ANSWER SHEETS. On January 18th, 2011, Gillis was severely admonished for using left-over copies of answer sheets and not making fresh copies. The answer sheets had not changed. The admonishing email contains large block letters and concludes, "You are failing in almost every aspect of your administration duties for your EMS training division." At the same time Gillis is being "raked over the coals" for not

wasting copies, Sugiyama "looked the other way" when Juliet Henshaw failed to show for two classes Sugiyama assigned her to teach (30 students).

- 50. HARASSMENT—SATURDAY BULLY SESSION. On or about February 20th, 2010, Sugiyama forced Gillis to endure an over-two-hour-on-Saturday-off-hours (7:30 p.m. to 10:00 p.m.) verbal confrontation which included name calling ("Poor Sean. Wah! Wah!" "Narcissistic!" "Extreem Hubris!") and repeated threats of termination.
- 51. DELIBERATELY OVER-WORKING—IMPOSITION OF 24/7 SHIFT. On or about February 26th, 2010, Sugiyama imposed "24/7 on call" status on Gillis (for call back and return to work), an immediate-update requirement for Gillis' calendar, and 24/7 openaccess to the calendar. Said 24/7 status is an effort to manufacture violations to use against Gillis and imposed to harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.
- 52. BIKE MEDIC. On or about May 12th, 2010, Sugiyama verbally reprimanded Gillis when third parties failed to show for a meeting (Bike Medic) when the failure was caused by Sugiyama (failed to approve notice after request from an administrative assistant).
- 53. CAREER FIRST—POOR PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL. On or about May 13th 2010, Sugiyama issued a substandard Performance Appraisal (PA) of Gillis. It was remarkably different from all past PAs ("meets expectations" or "exceeds expectations") and indicia of disparate treatment.
- 54. PARROT COMMENT. On or about May 17th, 2010, Sugiyama threatened Gillis, "Your job is on the line." When Gillis responded, "I know," Sugiyama retorted, "If I wanted a parrot, I would have bought one." On the same day, Sugiyama admonished Gillis for a lieutenant's wait for narcotics exchange when the wait was caused by Sugiyama's requirement that all exchanges occur on the same day.

- 55. KAISER HIPAA VIOLATION. On or about May 21st, 2010, Sugiyama informed Gillis and others that Sugiyama uses his wife, who is employed by Kaiser, to obtain the Kaiser medical records of third parties.
- 56. "I'M A D***." On or about May 26th, 2010, Sugiyama said, "I may be a dick, but . . ." and asked staff at a meeting to identify personnel who they believed did not "have the core values" necessary to be Oakland Fire. Later, Sugiyama told a co-worker, "Gillis will be moved and fired if he can't hack it" in front of other co-workers.
- 57. HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT—THE BLOOD INCIDENT. On or about June 9th, 2010, an Oakland Fire (OF) paramedic was sprayed in the face with blood. When the paramedic complained about OF's handling of the matter, Sugiyama responded publicly, "He is unhappy with life and having daddy issues."
- 58. HARASSMENT—FALSE ACCUSATION OF THEFT OF BIKE LIGHT. On or about June 18th, 2010, Sugiyama threatened to fire Gillis when Sugiyama could not locate a bike light, "We are going to see the Chief!" The light had not been delivered from the supplier.
- 59. HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT—"I WIN WHEN YOU LOSE." On or about August 10th, 2010, Sugiyama threatened Gillis, "If you make a mistake over at Training Division, I will fire you. Either way, I win; if you are successful, I win; if you fail, I fire you and get someone else."
- 60. INTERFERENCE WITH PERFORMANCE—OFFICE MOVE ('BACK TO THE TRAILER PARK'). On or about September 22nd, 2010, Sugiyama barred Gillis from using his Oakland Fire office in Jack London Square and moved Gillis to a trailer parked on a remote lot. Sugiyama did so knowing that Gillis was raised in a trailer and would

experience distress from same. The removal was committed in order to create performance issues and harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.

- 61. INTERFERENCE WITH PERFORMANCE—CAR REMOVAL. On the same day, Sugiyama blocked Gillis from continuing to use City vehicles. This action makes it impossible for Gillis to attend union lunch meetings. Sugiyama's misconduct was committed in order to harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.
- 62. DISPARATE TREATMENT—PUNISHMENT FOR VOLUNTEERING. On or about September 27th, 2010, Sugiyama disciplined Gillis for failing to meet Gillis' self-imposed target date for moving Oakland Fire storage and for another personnel's failure to transition by that person's goal date. The moving was a voluntary assignment performed on the weekend and during off hours and completed within days of the target; the transitioning failure is that of a third party and not the fault of Gillis (the person was out of town at a conference). The discipline was done to discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.
- 63. DISPARATE TREATMENT—BOSS WRITES EMPLOYEE'S "LETTER OF RESIGNATION." On or about October 4th, 2010, Sugiyama drafted a letter of resignation for Gillis to sign. Sugiyama insisted Gillis sign the same without reading it. When Gillis refused, Sugiyama billed Gillis \$659.95 for personnel texting on company equipment even though Oakland Fire has a practice of allowing such personal texting and only one other employee has been required to pay for personal texting. Sugiyama warned Gillis not to report Sugiyama, "The union won't do anything to protect you." Sugiyama's misconduct, in drafting a letter of resignation for Gillis to sign, violates the MOU. It is extra-MOU discipline. Sugiyama's misconduct, in retaliating against Gillis for refusing

to sign the letter and threatening him about the union, violates the MOU. Oakland Fire refuses to investigate Gillis' complaints regarding same. Sugiyama's misconduct was committed in order to harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.

- 64. HARASSMENT—JOB LISTINGS (OCTOBER 4TH, 2010). On or about October 4th, 2010, Sugiyama gave Gillis a stack of job listings and told Gillis, "You would be perfect for this" as he showed Gillis each listing. The listings included Alameda County positions similar to or above Gillis' current position. Obviously, if Sugiyama had any genuine performance issues with Gillis, Sugiyama would not be so recommending Gillis. Sugiyama's misconduct was committed in order to harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.
- 65. INTERFERENCE WITH PERFORMANCE—MAIL BOX REMOVAL. On or about the same October 2010, Sugiyama removed Gillis' mailbox. The mailbox removal was done to make it impossible for Gillis to be successful, to 'set him up' for further 'violations' and in order to discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.
- 66. MEDICAL CONDITION DISCRIMINATION. On or about October 6th, 2010, Sugiyama threatened to discipline Gillis for taking a sick day.
- 67. INVASION OF PRIVACY—SECRET RECORDING AND KAISER RECORDS.

 Sugiyama enlisted other employees to secretly record Gillis. Sugiyama enlisted his wife—an employee of Kaiser Hospital—to access Kaiser records about Gillis, other employees of Oakland Fire, and patients of Oakland Fire.
- 68. BASELINE PERFORMANCE LETTER (BPL) OF OCTOBER 15TH, 2010. The

 Baseline Performance Letter (BPL) of October 15th, 2010, includes: 1) "Performance

 Area No. 1[:] Use of Time[:] [O]n 9/27/2010, you missed numerous self imposed [sic]

deadlines" [referring to voluntary move target date], 2) "Performance Area No. 2[:] Accountability [:] [O]n 9/27/2010, you missed numerous self imposed [sic] deadlines" [again referring to voluntary move target date], and 3) "The work environment for your direct reports [sic—referring to people] is extremely disorganized." By this BPL, Sugiyama is complaining over and over again about finishing the voluntary move a couple of days late and a shared space being disorganized. Sugiyama does not suggest that any disarray is Gillis', Gillis responded that any disarray was caused by others, Sugiyama did not investigate Gillis' response or criticize the sharing employees, and Sugiyama purposely created any disorganization by moving Gillis' office.

- 69. REPRIMAND (OCTOBER 15TH, 2010. The same day Sugiyama issued the BPL, Sugiyama issued a Reprimand to Gillis. The Reprimand is based on the same voluntary move target date, "disarray" in the shared office, "failing to lead . . . the Training Division" while Gillis was *in Texas* for a professional conference, and leaving equipment at a secured Department location, but the 'wrong' one according to Sugiyama. The Reprimand violates Gillis' Due Process and Equal Protection Rights, because it is un-Constitutionally vague and ambiguous and because Oakland Fire has no policy or practice of reprimanding employees for such alleged misconduct.
- 70. DISPARATE TREATMENT—30-DAY FORMAL AND WEEKLY "ONE-ON-ONE" REVIEWS FOR GILLIS ONLY. On or about November 2010, Sugiyama imposed 30-day formal and weekly one-on-one performance reviews for Gillis only. Said are nothing more than hour-long-rants and bullying sessions, and Sugiyama repeatedly and over objection, schedules them on Gillis' vacation or off days. The imposition was committed to discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.

- 71. INTERFERENCE WITH PERFORMANCE—OFFICE REMOVAL (NOVEMBER 3RD. 2010). On or about November 3rd, 2010, Sugiyama ordered Gillis to vacate his office and convert it into a storage closet. Gillis has no office today. Oakland Fire does not need a storage closet so badly; Gillis has photographs of empty Oakland Fire storage garages. The order was done to discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.
- 72. HARASSMENT—HUMILIATING GILLIS IN FRONT OF CLASS (NOVEMBER 10TH 2010). On or about November 10th, 2010, Sugiyama made Gillis late to a meeting between Gillis and the Fire Chief and City Attorney by telling him that a meeting scheduled for the same day would "only take ten (10) minutes" and then keeping Gillis for over thirty (30) minutes—all while knowing the Chief and City Attorney were waiting for Gillis. At the meeting, Sugiyama asked Gillis to sign a 'list of Gillis' deficiencies.'
- 73. DISPARATE TREATMENT—ENTRAPMENT AND FRAUD (DECEMBER 7TH, 2010). On or about December 7th, 2010, Sugiyama asked Gillis to give employees illegal uniform re-imbursement by padding their time cards. Sugiyama warned Gillis non-compliance would "cause the part-time program to collapse."
- 74. FALSE ACCUSATION OF FRAUD (DECEMBER 21ST, 2010). On or about December 21st, 2010, Sugiyama warned Gillis that Gillis "de-frauded' the state by changing the name of a training class. Sugiyama repeated the accusation to Gillis and Gillis' coworkers. The name change was caused by others; there was no fraud. The false accusation was made in order to harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.
- 75. HARASSMENT—AUDIT THREAT (JANUARY 12TH, 2011). On or about January 12th, 2011 in a staff meeting, Sugiyama threatened to "bring the County in" to audit

Gillis' training records, because "the classes from Spring won't pass the audit." Gillis asked why Oakland Fire would request an audit only to fail, Sugiyama responded, "We've got nothing to hide." The threat was made in order to harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.

- 76. HARASSMENT—FURTHER PUNISHMENT FOR VOLUNTEERING (JANUARY 14TH, 2011). On or about January 14th, 2011 (30-day review), Sugiyama yelled frequently at Gillis in front of others during an hour review of Gillis. The subject of the review was the missed storage move target date and certification deadline miss that was not the fault of Gillis. The other workers were forced to stop Sugiyama. Said review was done to harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.
- 77. SUGIYAMA CREATES TARDINESS (JANUARY 19TH, 2011). On or about January 19th, 2011, Sugiyama changed a staff meeting without changing the Outlook calendar. Sugiyama told other staff about the change. When Gillis showed at the Outlook-calendar-time, Sugiyama admonished Gillis. The intentionally-created 'violation' was done in order to harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.
- 78. HARASSMENT--"DEFCON" (JANUARY 20TH, 2011). On or about January 20th, 2011, Sugiyama threatened to "increase the level of contact to" Gillis because Gillis re-filled Bike Medic bags with supplies. Sugiyama yelled, "You have selective hearing," "This is going on record," "You have no clue," "You create a level of animosity with your coworkers," "You don't have to make a 9,000 page book of policy," "I get half-assed stories," and "You've never functioned as an EMS Coordinator," "You will continue to take hits," I'm going to call you aggressively," "You put your ears on, but you don't

listen," "You are on DEFCON" [going to nuclear war], and more. Sugiyama's threats were made to harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.

- 79. HARASSMENT—BUDGET BLAME (JANUARY 25TH, 2011). On or about January 25th, 2011, Sugiyama warned Gillis that, if Oakland Fire is over-budget, Gillis will be blamed because he purchased completion certificates (standard procedure) for CPR class graduates. Sugiyama's blaming Gillis for budget woes was done in order to harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.
- 80. LETTER OF INTENT (FEBRUARY 3RD, 2011). On or about February 3rd, 2011,
 Oakland Fire issued a Notice of Intent (LOI) in which Oakland Fire requested a 3-day suspension of Gillis for: 1) Receiving the May 2010 Performance Evaluation, and 2)
 Receiving the October 15th, 2010 Baseline Performance Letter. No further conduct or any continuing violation is stated. The LOI violates the policies and practices of Oakland Fire because it contain a statement of conduct upon which a suspension may be based and the same alleged violations cannot support successive discipline (reprimand and suspension). This letter is at least the fourth time Sugiyama used the September 2010 voluntary-storage-move matter as a basis for discipline. The LOI was issued to harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.
- 81. HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT—"WOE IS ME!" On or about February 14th,
 2011, Sugiyama held a "Performance Review" meeting with Gillis. Though Sugiyama
 prepared a Baseline Performance Letter (BPL) for the meeting, Sugiyama did not provide
 the letter to Gillis or Gillis' Union Representative before the meeting. The letter was not
 discussed in the meeting. Inspead, in the presence of Oakland Fire Personnel Officer
 Steve Danziger, and Union Representative Vickie Carson, Sugiyama exclaimed, "Woe is

me! I need more employees!" to Gillis. Sugiyama's misconduct was committed in order to harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.

- 82. FEBRUARY 14TH, 2011 BASELINE PERFORMANCE LETTER (BPL). The February BPL includes: 1) "[O]n 9/27/2010, you missed numerous self-imposed [sic] deadlines" (above-described voluntary-move matter), 2) "[You have] an established pattern of personal illness" (above-described; Gillis is well within MOU sick days and provides doctor's notes when requested), 3) "You were 35 minutes late to [a] staff meeting" (above-described Outlook matter), 4) "[Repeat 1]", 5) "You transmitted [an] email regarding a box found [in Gillis' locker]" (Gillis reported that someone placed a box in his locker and requested Sugiyama investigate, attached to the box was a hand-written note, and Sugiyama failed and refused to investigate), 5) "I . . . found the [shared] office to be in a state of disarray" (above-described shared space), and 6) "[You] purchas[ed] ASHI Class Cards" (completion certificates described above). Much, of what is supposed to be good faith constructive criticism, is rude, in large font, bold, and underlined.
- 83. PERSONNEL COMPLAINT (FEBRUARY 17TH, 2011). On or about February 17th, 2011, Gillis filed an Opposition to Letter of Intent in which Gillis opposed the request for suspension and exposed the harassment, discrimination, and retaliation set forth herein. The Opposition was filed with the Personnel Office of Oakland Fire and read to all attendees at the Skelly Hearing—including managing officers of Oakland Fire.
- 84. UNION GRIEVANCE REQUEST (FEBRUARY 17TH, 2011). On or about February 17th, 2011, Gillis requested his union grieve the harassment, discrimination, and

retaliation set forth in the Opposition to Letter of Intent. The Union failed and refused to so grieve.

- 85. HARASSMENT—'NO ONE LIKES YOU SEAN' (FEBRUARY 20TH, 2011). On or about February 20th, 2011 in front of other personnel, Sugiyama criticized Sean, "We need to talk offline about the viability of the training program. No one wants to attend *your* training." The statement was made to humiliate and degrade Gillis in order to harass, discriminate, and retaliate against Gillis.
- 86. EOPD AND UNION COMPLAINT (FEBRUARY 26TH, 2011). On or about February 26th, 2011, Gillis filed a Complaint with the Equal Opportunity Programs Division of the City of Oakland in which Gillis opposed the request for suspension and exposed the above harassment, discrimination, and retaliation. EOPD first indicated Gillis' advocacy for Oscar Grant did not constitute a protected complaint of racial discrimination. The Union failed and refused to grieve.
- 87. RIGHT TO AN ATTORNEY . . . EXCEPT. On or about March 8th, 2011, Sugiyama, acting through the Personnel Office of Oakland Fire, *in writing* informed Gillis Oakland Fire scheduled a personnel mediation between Gillis and Sugiyama to "resolve all issues" on or about March 11th, 2011, and that Gillis and Sugiyama have the right to bring an attorney to the mediation. When Gillis notified Oakland Fire he would appear with an attorney, Sugiyama cancelled the mediation. From on or about March 8th to 24th, 2011, Sugiyama refused to reschedule the mediation. On or about March 24th, 2011, Sugiyama informed Gillis that Oakland Fire: a) Will re-schedule the mediation if Gillis waives his right to be represented at the mediation, and b) Is more likely to grant Sugiyama's

February 3rd Skelly Hearing request (to suspend Gillis for three days) if Gillis refuses to waive his rights.

- 88. CITY ATTORNEY COMPLAINT AND CLAIM COMPLAINT (MARCH 15TH, 2011).

 On or about March 15th, 2011, Gillis filed a Claim with the City related to the misappropriation of the Merritt College program and related issues (including harassment). On or about March 24th, 2011, the City Attorney refused to investigate and issued a right to sue entitled "Denial of Claim Against City."
- 89. KAISER COMPLAINT (MARCH 20TH, 2011). Sugiyama uses his wife to access private medical records of Kaiser patients (Sugiyama's spouse works for Kaiser). Sugiyama discusses those records in employee meetings. Gillis believes Sugiyama accesses Oakland Fire personnel's medical records. Gillis requested the HIPAA log for his records. When Kaiser refused to provide same, Gillis filed a complaint with Kaiser and the California Department of Managed Care.
- 90. DISPARATE TREATMENT—BOSS' DESPERATION. Throughout, Sugiyama faults Gillis for the conduct of others. For example, Sugiyama disciplines Gillis for the failure of others to transition by goal dates and for not fully completing confidential course evaluations. This misconduct is committed to harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.
- 91. CULTURE WITHIN OAKLAND FIRE—RACIST, HOMOPHOBIC, and SEXIST.

 Oakland Fire maintains a hostile work environment in which bullying and racist, homophobic, and sexist statements are tolerated and even committed by supervisors.

 Oakland Fire promotes those who will assimilate and retaliates against those who challenge that culture. Persons from traditionally disadvantaged groups who replicate the

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 Oakland Fire promotes those who will assimilate and retaliates against those who challenge that culture. Persons from traditionally disadvantaged groups who replicate the

hostile work environment are promoted. Even though Sugiyama is apparently of Japanese American ancestry, he has clearly assimilated into that racist, sexist, and homophobic environment and now perpetuates the very culture that one day would have kept a Japanese American out of the Department.

- 92. LATINOS NEED NOT APPLY. CAROLINA GREEN. Sugiyama refused to hire Carolina Green for a position as EMS Coordinator. Oakland Fire allowed Sugiyama to act as a one-man hiring committee and hire his 20+-year friend over a better qualified, bilingual, female, Latina applicant. Oakland Fire refuses to investigate Gillis' written complaint regarding same. MOISES MONTOYA. Oakland Fire refused to hire Moises Montoya, a trilingual (E, Sp, F) Latino administrative worker from the Public Works Department with a professional degree, for a position as dispatcher. The minimum requirement is a diploma and the posting encouraged "bilingual" people to apply. After Montoya applied, Oakland Fire claimed no applicants possessed Spanish language skills and re-posted the position with a bold-italicized "No Spanish language skills needed" statement. The statement is intended to discourage further applications by Latino people.
- 93. UNIFORMS FREE FOR NON-BLACKS. Sugiyama "doctors" time records. Sugiyama re-pays all but African American employees for uniform expenditures by padding time cards exactly according to uniform receipts and even puts copies of receipts for uniforms on the back of padded time cards.
- 94. COMP TIME EXCEPT BLACKS AND GILLIS. Sugiyama gives disallowed comp time to all but African American employees.
- 95. BOSS' RACIST AND HOMOPHOBIC STATEMENTS. Sugiyama calls employees "just off the reservation," jokes about lesbian mothers not needing maternity/family leave

("What are they . . . sharing a baby?"), and claims un-married persons (bachelors and divorcees) "can't understand what team work is." Sugiyama condones conduct in meetings and classes that includes calling persons with Philippine ancestry "Flips" and joking about "spreading the butt cheeks of" and anally probing patients. Oakland Fire refuses to investigate Gillis' complaints regarding same.

- 96. CULTURE WITHIN OAKLAND FIRE—FRAUD. Oakland Fire holds "Community CPR Classes" in City buildings for the purpose of recruiting students for AMR Corporation EMT training. The attendance records are doctored and submitted as "atrisk" youth mentoring for Measure Y money. In fact, the attendees are overwhelmingly 30-to-40-something white males and not the "at-risk" youth Measure Y was created to help. Similarly, though Oakland Fire collected Measure Y funding for his teaching work, Oakland Fire failed to honor its commitment to pay Paramedic Cadet Pascal Depaz over 463 hours of wages.
- 97. CULTURE WITHIN OAKLAND FIRE—RETALIATION. The misconduct regarding Oscar Grant is generally known by all paramedics and the entire management of Oakland Fire. No one, except Gillis, "broke the silence," because Oakland Fire maintains a pattern and practice of retaliating against complainers. For example, on or about May 6th, 2010, Sugiyama held a meeting in which he discussed his plan to "get rid of" Employee Tim Takis (Sugiyama referred to as a "stupid dick" and "ha[ving] just made the biggest mistake of his career" and about to have "a giant lens turned on him") because Takis successfully grieved a "needs improvement" Performance Appraisal. Sugiyama then raised 15 other employees from "needs improvement" to "fully effective," to dilute Takis' success.

- 98. UNLAWFUL COERCION AGAINST EXERCISE OF RIGHT TO ATTORNEY. On or about March 24th, 2011, Sugiyama informed Gillis that Oakland Fire: a) Will reschedule the above personnel mediation if Gillis waives his right to be represented at the mediation, and b) Is more likely to grant Sugiyama's February 3rd Skelly Hearing request (to suspend Gillis for three days) if Gillis refuses to waive his rights.
- 99. BASELINE PERFORMANCE LETTER (BPL) OF MARCH 24TH, 2011. On or about March 24th, 2011, Sugiyama issued a BPL to Gillis for: 1) Missing deadlines (but fails to identify any missed deadlines), 2) Mis-management of time (but fails to identify any specific acts or omissions except use of allowed sick leave), 3) Using an ASHI policy for storing coursework (Sugiyama expressly approved using ASHI and identified same as "best practices"), and 4) Finding files in a storage cabinet (recycled from February 14th, 2011 BPL). Sugiyama failed to include "corrective action" other than 'identify deficiencies and correct them.' Said BPL was issued to harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.
- 100. CITY ATTORNEY COMPLAINT (MARCH 28TH, 2011). On or about March 28th, 2011, Gillis filed a complaint with the City Attorney regarding the "quid pro quo" and un-Constitutional coercion by Sugiyama and Oakland Fire and provided a chronology detailing the harassment, discrimination, and retaliation herein. The City Attorney failed and refused to investigate.
- 101. UNION COMPLAINT (MARCH 28TH, 2011). On or about March 28th, 2011, Gillis filed a complaint with his union's executive director (Bob Muscat, Local 21, IFPTE) regarding the failure of IFPTE to grieve the harassment, discrimination, and

retaliation. The complaint included a complete chronology. IFPTE refuses to respond to the complaint.

- SUSPENSION (MARCH 30TH, 2011). On or about March 30th, 2011, Oakland Fire suspended Gillis as Sugiyama promised it would if Gillis refused to waive his right to an attorney. The stated basis was the missed move date of September 2011; no person has ever been suspended for volunteering. The suspension was ordered to harass and discriminate and retaliate against Gillis.
- 103. UNION COMPLAINT (MARCH 31ST, 2011). On or about March 31ST, 2011, Gillis confirmed what appeared to be an agreement by Union Representative Vickie Carson to grieve the suspension, provided an updated chronology, and, again, requested the union grieve the harassment, discrimination, and retaliation. Carson never responded, took no steps to grieve the suspension, and continues to fail and refuse to grieve the harassment (and hostile work environment) and discrimination and retaliation. Gillis was forced to pay an attorney to research, draft, and file an Appeal of Discipline (Suspension). The City Attorney and EEO were cc'd. The City Attorney failed and refused and continues to fail and refuse to investigate.
- 104. FIRE CHIEF COMPLAINT (APRIL 3RD, 2011). On or about April 3rd, 2011, Gillis filed a Complaint with Fire Chief Mark Hoffman in which Gillis provided a complete chronology. The Chief failed and refused and continues to fail and refuse to respond.
- 105. FIRE CHIEF COMPLAINT (APRIL 4TH, 2011). On or about April 4th, 2011, after an exhaustive meeting with his attorney, Gillis filed an Amended Complaint with

Fire Chief Mark Hoffman in which Gillis provided an updated complete chronology. The Chief failed and refused and continues to fail and refuse to respond.

- 106. INVASION OF PRIVACY—OUTLOOK ABUSE (APRIL 6TH, 2011). As set forth above, Sugiyama ordered Gillis to provide Sugiyama with a constantly updated Outlook calendar and carry an Oakland Fire phone at all times. Sugiyama abuses access to Gillis' calendar by deliberately scheduling work that conflicts with Gillis' union meetings and/or attorney meetings. Sugiyama uses the Department Outlook calendar to "advertise" Gillis' disciplinary meetings, hearings, and other private matters.
- OUTLOOK COMPLAINT (APRIL 6TH, 2011). On or about April 6th, 2011, Gillis filed a Complaint with the City Attorney to the effect that Sugiyama was deliberately over-working Gillis (365/24/7 "on call" status and 6 full days) and scheduling Gillis in such a way that he could not attend Union meetings or prepare the Appeal of Suspension with his attorney. Gillis informed the City Attorney that Sugiyama told Gillis in Summer 2009 that Sugiyama would "overwork disfavored employees until they quit." The City Attorney failed and refused and continues to fail and refuse to respond.
- 108. CITY ATTORNEY WRITTEN REFUSAL TO INVESTIGATE (APRIL 6TH, 2011). On or about April 6th, 2011 and even though she is the highest-ranking lawyer and required to enforce the law for the people of Oakland, the City Attorney served Gillis with written notice to the effect that the City Attorney refuses to investigate Gillis' complaints—regarding Oscar Grant, Merritt College, racism, fraud, and retaliation within Oakland Fire and all of the harassment, discrimination, and retaliation against Gillis.

109. PERSONNEL COMPLAINT (APRIL 8TH, 2011). On or about April 8th, 2011, Gillis filed a Response to Baseline Performance Letter (BPL) of March 24th, 2011 in which Gillis fully detailed the issues with the BPL set forth above.

On or about April 11th, 2011, Gillis and his attorney filed an Appeal of Discipline (Suspension) with the Civil Service Board and gave notice to his union that he chose to file the appeal instead of grieving the suspension. The union responded by letter that it would not represent Gillis. Gillis made said decision based on the union's failure to respond to Gillis' requests for grievance of the discrimination, retaliation, harassment, and suspension. Gillis asked Oakland Fire Personnel Officer Steve Danziger if the union's letter meant that it would no longer represent Gillis in performance review meetings and, if so, if Gillis could use his attorney (at Gillis' expense) for such meetings. Danziger responded, "No," and, in writing, threatened to fire Gillis if he failed to show for any meetings.

COMMON COUNT—CONTINUING VIOLATION AND ONGOING

- 111. OTHER. Sugiyama and City of Oakland otherwise maintained a hostile work environment and harassed and discriminated and retaliated against Gillis.
- 112. CONTINUING VIOLATION (Government Code § 12960(d)). The individual misconduct stated above involved successive conduct which is similar and related to conduct that occurred earlier, the conduct was reasonably frequent, and the conduct had not yet become permanent.

ONGOING. Sugiyama and City of Oakland otherwise maintained a hostile work environment and harassed and discriminated and retaliated against Gillis and continue to do so.

Administrative Complaint (Claim) against Respondent City for applicable claims and by filing a Department of Fair Employment and Housing Act Administrative Complaint against Respondent City and Supervisor Sugiyama. Plaintiff is not required to exhaust any grievance process, because Plaintiff's union, Local 21 IFPTE breached its duty of fair representation including, but not limited to, by failing refusing to grieve the within misconduct despite numerous requests and failing and refusing to return numerous telephone calls, emails, and letters.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

WHISTLEBLOWER RETALIATION (Labor Code 1102.5 et seq., modified MB 2400A.11)

Alleged Against Defendants City of Oakland, and Does 1-15

- Plaintiff incorporates the Common Count as if fully set forth herein.
- 116. At all times, Plaintiff had reasonable cause to believe and, in fact, believed the information contained in the above COMPLAINTS discloses a violation of state and federal statute and a violation and noncompliance with state and federal rules and regulations under Labor Code § 1102.5. Plaintiff is an employee of a government agency, and Plaintiff's COMPLAINTS were made to his employer under Labor Code § 1102.5(e). Defendant City of Oakland's retaliatory campaign of harassment constitutes a rule, regulation, and policy preventing an employee making such COMPLAINTS (Labor Code § 1102.5(a)), retaliation against an employee for disclosing information to a government and/or law enforcement agency (Labor Code § 1102.5(b)), and retaliation for refusing to participate in the activity that would result in a violation of state or federal statute and a violation and noncompliance with a state and federal rule and regulation (Labor Code § 1102.5(c)).
- 117. Plaintiff suffered adverse employment file entries and severe emotional distress as a result thereof.
- 118. Plaintiff prays relief as follows at Damages.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

WRONGFUL RETALIATION (Common Law, modified CACI 2430, MB 2400A.11[3][b])

Alleged Against Defendants Sugiyama, City of Oakland, and Does 1-15

- 119. Plaintiff incorporates the Common Count as if fully set forth herein.
- COMPLAINTS about the Oscar Grant and Merritt College matters and otherwise opposing racist, sexist, homophobic, and fraudulent policies and practices at Oakland Fire in violation of public policy of the State of California as evidenced by the Constitution, state and local law, stated policy of the City, Administrative rules, the MOU, and social norms. Garcia v. Rockwell International Corp. (1986) 187 Cal. App. 3d 1556, MB (herein MB denotes Matthew Bender Jury Instructions) 2400A.11[3][g] et seq.
- 121. Said misconduct was a substantial factor in causing plaintiff's damages.
- 122. Plaintiff prays relief as follows at Damages.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

FAIR EMPLOYMENT VIOLATION (FEHA)

(Government Code § 12900 et seq., CACI 2500 et seq.)

Alleged Against Defendants Sugiyama, City of Oakland, and Does 1-15 as Set Forth Below

- 123. Plaintiff incorporates the Common Count as if fully set forth herein.
- AT PLAINTIFF (Government Code § 12940(j) et seq., CACI 2521A, 2522A)—Alleged Against Defendant Sugiyama, City of Oakland, and Does 1-15: As set forth above, Defendants subjected Plaintiff to unwanted harassing conduct because ***, the harassing conduct was severe and pervasive, a reasonable person from the same protected group would consider the work environment to be hostile and abusive. The supervisor of Plaintiff (Defendant Sugiyama) and other supervisors for Defendants perpetrated the misconduct and/or knew about the misconduct and failed to take immediate and appropriate corrective action.
- AT OTHERS (Government Code § 12940(j) et seq., CACI 2521B, 2522B)—Alleged Against Defendant Sugiyama, City of Oakland, and Does 1-15: As set forth above, Plaintiff personally witnessed harassing conduct that took place in his immediate work environment, the harassing conduct was severe and pervasive, a reasonable person would consider the work environment to be hostile and abusive. The supervisor of Plaintiff (Defendant Sugiyama) and other supervisors for Defendants perpetrated the misconduct

and/or knew about the misconduct and failed to take immediate and appropriate corrective action.

- 126. COUNT THREE—DISCRIMINATION (DISPARATE TREATMENT) (Government Code § 12940(a) et seq., CACI 2500)—Alleged Against Defendants City of Oakland and DOES 1-15: As set forth above, Defendants discriminated against Plaintiff in compensation and in terms, conditions, and privileges of employment as set forth above on account of the medical condition and disability (anxiety) and marital status of Plaintiff.
- 127. COUNT FOUR—DISCRIMINATION (DISPARATE IMPACT) (Government Code § 12940(a) et seq., CACI 2502)—Alleged Against Defendants City of Oakland and DOES 1-15: As set forth above, Defendants discriminated against Plaintiff in compensation and in terms, conditions, and privileges of employment as set forth above on account of the medical condition and disability (anxiety) and marital status of Plaintiff.
- 128. COUNT FIVE—RETALIATION (Government Code § 12940(h) et seq., CACl 2505)--Alleged Against Defendants City of Oakland and DOES 1-15: As set forth above, Defendants [discriminated against Plaintiff] and engaged in misconduct that, taken as a whole, materially and adversely affected the terms and conditions of Plaintiff's employment. Plaintiff's REPORTS were motivating reasons for Defendants decision to [discriminate against Plaintiff] and engage in the misconduct.
- 129. COUNT SIX—DISCRIMINATION (Government Code § 12940(a) et seq., CACI 2500)—Alleged Against Defendants City of Oakland and DOES 1-15: As set forth above, Defendants discriminated against Plaintiff in compensation and in terms,

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

INVASION OF PRIVACY

(Cal. Const. Art. I § 1, CACI 1800)

Alleged Against Defendants Sugiyama, City of Oakland, and Does 1-15

- Plaintiff incorporates the Common Count as if fully set forth herein.
- 133. By secretly recording plaintiff, accessing plaintiff's personal medical records, and sharing confidential personnel matters on the public Outlook calendar, defendants intentionally intruded upon plaintiff's reasonable expectation of privacy at work and in his employment and medical records. Those intrusions are highly offensive to a reasonable person as evidenced by prohibitions against the misconduct and social norms.
- 134. Plaintiff suffered severe emotional distress as a result of said misconduct.
- 135. Plaintiff prays relief as follows at Damages.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

Alleged Against Defendants Sugiyama, City of Oakland, and Does 1-15

- 136. Plaintiff incorporates the Common Count as if fully set forth herein.
- 137. COUNT ONE—HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT (Government Code § 12940(j) et seq., CACI 2521A & 2521B et seq.): The unlawful misconduct of Sugiyama, in creating a hostile work environment for Gillis, constitutes intentional infliction of emotional distress. Fisher v. San Pedro Peninsula Hospital ([1989] 214 Cal. App. 3d 590, 618).
- 3941 et seq.): Defendants actions were willful and intentional and committed in knowing and conscious disregard of the health and safety of plaintiff and the likelihood that same would cause Plaintiff to suffer severe emotional distress. Evidence of the willful and intentional nature of the acts includes, but is not limited to, the fact that the misconduct is prescribed by the following law, defendants were aware of said law, defendants were aware that their conduct violated said law, and defendants committed the acts in spite of said knowledge: MOU, Oakland Administrative Instructions, Oakland Municipal Code, and State Law. Said unlawful misconduct constitutes oppression, fraud, and/or malice.
- 139. Defendants AMR and City of Oakland are vicariously liable for Sugiyama's misconduct, because Sugiyama is a managing agent of both AMR and the City of Oakland and each ratified, condoned, and furthered the abuse.
- Said misconduct was a substantial factor in causing plaintiff's damages.

Plaintiff prays relief as follows at Damages. 141.

VERIFICATION

I, Sheehan (Sean) Gillis EMT-P, reviewed the foregoing Administrative Complaint (Claim) for Damages. The allegations within the complaint are true. I make this declaration under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California in San Francisco this April 22nd, 2011.

Sheehan (Sean) Gillis, EMT-P